A Screening or Diagnostic Colonoscopy?

It is important to understand the difference between a screening and diagnostic colonoscopy. It is very important that you talk to your insurance company on your benefits and their criteria, as this can have an effect on your out-of-pocket costs such as deductibles or co-insurance. Most insurance plans will cover screening colonoscopies, while diagnostic will be applied to your deductible or co-insurance.

**Screening Colonoscopy Factors:**

- No symptoms before the procedure
- No findings during the procedure (polyps, diverticulosis, etc.)
- No personal history of cancer or polyps
- No family history of cancer or polyps (some insurances consider this high risk)

**Diagnostic Colonoscopy Factors:**

- Symptoms before the procedure such as change in bowel habits, rectal bleeding, abdominal pain, etc.
- Findings during the procedure (polyps, cancer, diverticulosis, etc)
- Personal history of cancer or polyps
- Family history of cancer or polyps (some insurances consider this high risk)

**Important Note:** **Disclaimer** – RGI follows appropriate coding guidelines and procedures. A screening procedure may become diagnostic based on the findings during the colonoscopy or symptoms you are experiencing.

The points noted above are to be used for informational purposes only, as insurance and benefits criteria vary by plan.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact your insurance company to verify your insurance and benefits and “out-of-pocket” costs for screening vs. diagnostic colonoscopies.

**Screening saves lives!**